





Have we given the users' what they want over the last 20 years

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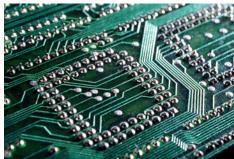


- Advances in Technology
- History
- Legislation
- The changing user
- NRENs
- New services
- Obtaining requirements
- What does the user require
- Conclusions





Technology advances







lead to



IT system advances







IT system advances

lead to





New applications





New applications

lead to

Increased user expectations







Mature applications take technology for granted



Thirty-five years of using the Internet





- 1970's
 - Ad-hoc terminal to remote computer connections
 - Development of switching using mini computers
 - Need for system independent communication protocols
 - Inter-institutional communications in the hands of monopoly suppliers
 - Users from the science related areas







 Consolidation of regional networks into private national education and research networks

Internet

- Every institution connected
- Beginning of break-up of phone company monopolies
- Development of system independent protocols





- 1980's continued
 - Growth of e-mail and file transfer
 - Individual workstations appearing
 - Use spread to libraries, administrators and all academic subjects
 - Spread of the US Internet into Europe
 - Early ad hoc European networks
 - Information systems appearing
 - 1989 world wide web made its first appearance







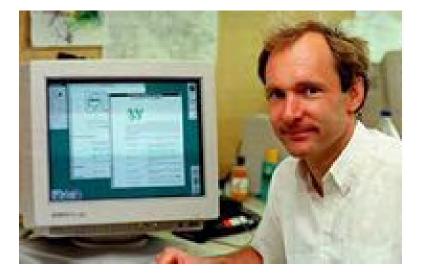


Thirty-five years of using the Internet

- 1990's
 - Ubiquity of personal computers
 - Introduction of fibre
 - Megabit trunk networks
 - Alternative bandwidth suppliers
 - Regulator control eased
 - Convergence of protocols
 - User expectations rise sharply



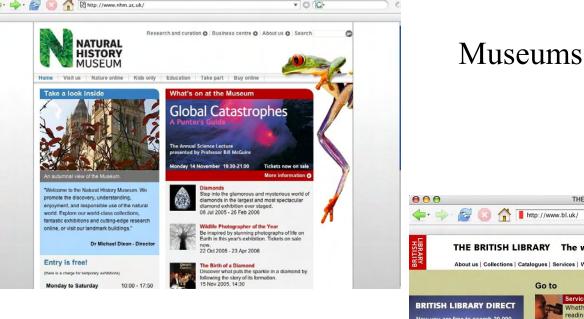




- 1990's continued
 - 1990 the first web client
 - Multi-system navigation and retrieval tool
 - Full multi-media
 - Prompted widespread use of the Internet
 - Available to all



CERNA Opens world of information



Libraries



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Access to rare books

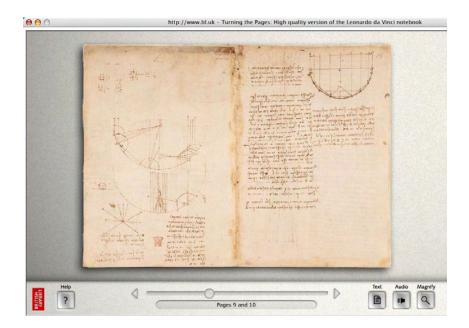








Access to rare books



http://www.bl.uk/onlinegallery/ttp/ttpbooks.html







Rare artefacts



Viking hoards often contain a mixture of all these different types of silver. One hoard of this type was found at Goldsborough while drains were being dug there in 1859. The hoard contains several fragments of Viking brooches and arm-rings, together with thirty-nine coins. There are three Anglo-Saxon coins, including half of a rare offering piece of Alfred 'the Great', and two pennies of Edward 'the Elder'. All the other coins are Islamic *dirhams* from the Middle East. These came to Britain from the Viking trade routes along the rivers of Russia, across the Baltic into Scandinavia, and then across the North Sea.



SoundJunction





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Commercial Use





Copyright JNT Association 2005

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- 1990's continued
 - Internet goes public
 - Security becomes a serious issue
 - Pan European networking established
 - Moving image applications become feasible







• 2000's



- High bandwidth enables Grid applications
- Plenty of bandwidth enables more applications
- Networking pervasive at all levels of education
- Video applications become established and part of user expectations



Thirty-five years of using the Internet

- 2000's continued
 - User education is a key requirement
 - Security problems grow
 - Hacking
 - Information overload
 - Spam
 - Unpleasant material
 - Misuse of information (fraud)
- Security technology developed











- Computer Misuse Act
- Acceptable Use Policy
- Security Policy
- Copyright
- Data Protection
- Regulation of Investigatory Powers
- Freedom of Information
- Accessability







The changing user

- Early network pioneers
- Widened to include libraries, administrators
- All academics using the network
- Network widened to new communities
 - Adult community learning
 - Specialist colleges
 - Schools



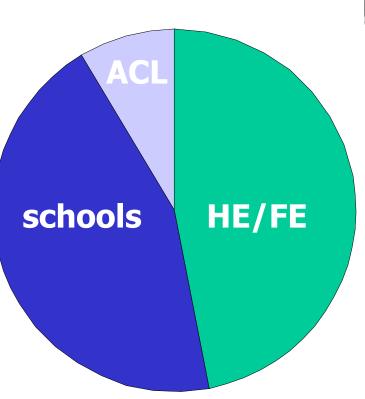




The JANET community



- JANET available to 18M+ users in education
 - primary and secondary schools
 - higher and further education
 - lifelong learning programmes



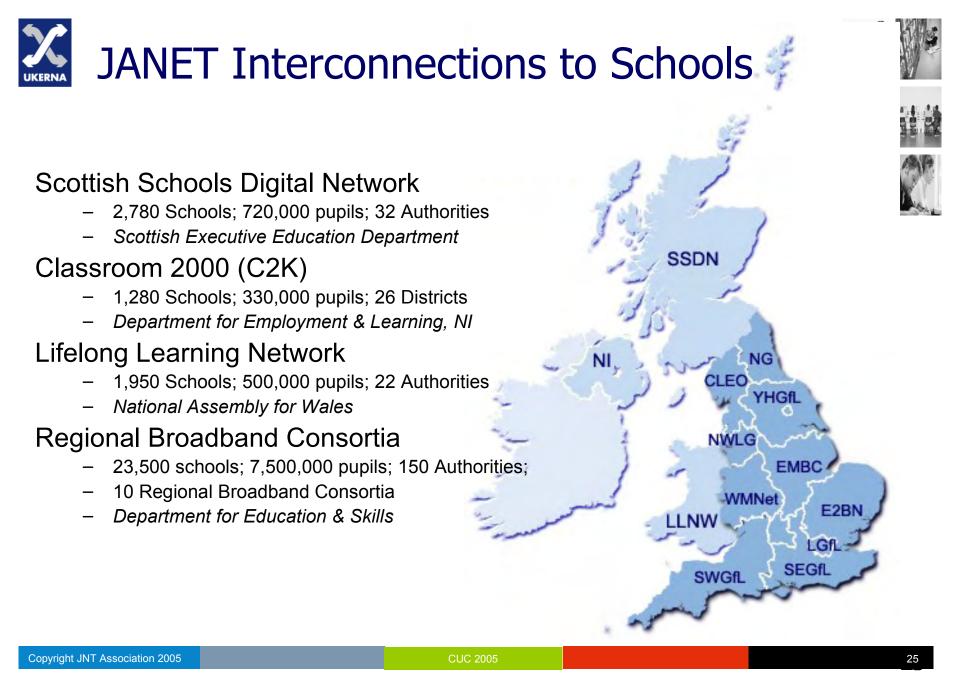
Relative sizes of sectors: from funding body statistics on staff & student numbers



Schools' networks



JANET backbone is now the national interconnect for:	schools	pupils
England: National Education Network	23,500	7,500,000
Scotland: Scottish Schools Digital Network	2,780	720,000
Wales: Lifelong Learning Network	1,950	500,000
Northern Ireland: Classroom 2000	1,280	330,000





Videoconferencing Issues for Schools

- Videoconferencing beyond the Authority firewall
- Authentication and Directory services
- Support, Advice and Guidance
- Booking and scheduling
- Quality Assurance
- Data and application sharing
- Videoconferencing in the Curriculum
- Expectation management









Case Study 1: YHGfL

A TRANS-ATLANTIC conversation (YHGfL)

- "It was a total enrichment of the curriculum it was great for Citizenship in a very motivational way. The kids came out of the conference absolutely buzzing as they had got a real social insight into what was happening in another culture in real time."
- "Video conferencing has to have a purpose and it is a matter of having the ideas and going at a manageable pace. It is not a good idea to bombard the students or staff,"







Case Study 2: YHGfL







Case Study 1: YHGfL



A TRANS-ATLANTIC conversation (YHGfL)

- "They were surprised to find that not everyone in the UK speaks with a London accent, while our students could not imagine living so far away from the sea, as they do in Illinois – the kind of things that just come out through a face-to-face conversation with someone."
- "The scheme has now led on to further joint projects between the two colleges, including a photography one; as well as leading to an ongoing collaboration between teachers from both countries."





Example of use by Schools

- London Grid for Learning
- Organised a day of events by videoconference











- National Research and Education Network
- Publicly funded
- Private networks
- Limited to HE and Research
- Widened to post 16
- Widened to include Schools



Challenges for the NREN

- Difficult to access the user
 Wide range of knowledge
 Varied levels of support
- Access via intermediaries
- Access changed
 - -User to computer
 - -User to User
- Large amounts of data





Challenges for the NREN

- Realtime
- Reliability
- Resilience
- Level of Support
 - Variety of documentation
 - Variety of events
 - Increased training courses
- Collaboration is key









Provision of services

- Variety of network services
 - Security services
 - Web services
 - Videoconference
 - Etc.
- Provision of content
 - Purchased on behalf of the community
 - Located on the backbone



Conclusions





- Technology continues to advance
- Processing and transmission resources plentiful
- Facilitates new and unexpected applications
- Unexpected applications can create an unexpected demand



Conclusions





- New applications create new users
- It is difficult to predict the demands for the future
- It is essential that user support is developed and maintained
- Must be able to meet the needs of the unexpected.







Questions?