Process monitoring and control using Internet and cellular telephony

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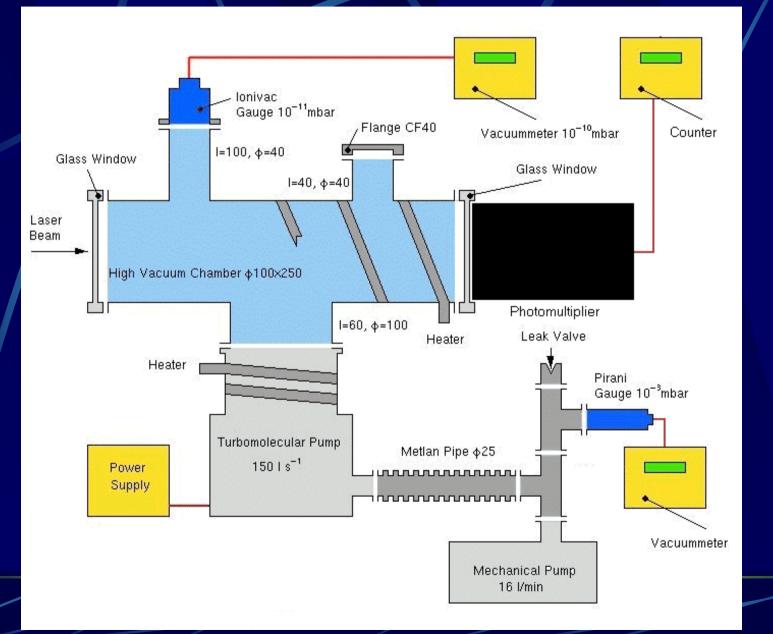
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Technical problem

- A scientific experiment was built at the Rudjer Boskovic Institute
- The experiment needed to be operational for ~100 days without interruption
 - Too few people to organize shifts
- The experiment could not be run in a completely automatic way: occasional interventions from operator were needed
- Experiment needed to be run during vacations
- Fortunately experiment could have been run without human intervention

The experiment



Solution 1: the Internet

We have built our own PC controllable interfacing hardware:

- Master serial In/Out box with 56 input and 32 output bits
- ADC with 13 channels 4 ranges each
- Sensor box for measuring temperatures
- Gated counter for counting events
- Z-box for power-failure safe operation with controllable switches and power regulators
- This hardware controls the experiment

A steering program made of CGI executables, HTML forms and a WEB server makes possible to monitor and control the experiment over the WEB

The steering program

- Specific routines (primitives) communicate to the hardware
- The steering program makes all these to work as a whole and to perform specific task(s) upon a request from the operator (scientist)
- A steering program is an interface between a scientist and the experiment - it makes use of graphics, buttons and input fields to communicate

A steering program is not meant to make complex data analysis - this is done by other programs



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COMPUTER	UP	(UP/DOWN)	-dit
LASER	OFF	(ON/OFF)	
MECH. PUMP STATUS	PUMPING	(PUMPING/OFF)	
TURBO PUMP STATUS	PUMPING	(PUMPING/OFF)	
COOLING	ON-LINE	(ON-LINE/OFF-LINE)	
PM HIGH VOLTAGE	900 V		
PM TEMPERATURE	27.2 C		
HEATERO TEMPERATURE	28.97 C		
HEATER1 TEMPERATURE	29.08 C		
T4 TEMPERATURE	30,85 C		
T6 TEMPERATURE	17.33 C		
LASER POWER SWITCH	ON	(ÓN/OFF)	
PUMPS POWER SWITCH	ON	(ON/OFF)	
HEATERO PWR SWITCH		(0-15)	
DATA TAKING STATUS	S (E	ACK/SIGN/STOP/HEAT/WAIT)	
RUNNING SINCE	02:04:44 04-Sep-2002		
FILE & LAST POINT	zapis791.dat, 463		
MODE REPEAT PATTERN	signal=10		
GAUGE PRESSURE	0 mbar		
ROOM TEMPERATURE	18.0372 C		
TIME/DATE	09:47:45 04-Sep-2002		

Temperatures page

- It is possible to monitor all measured temperatures instantly
 - A set of thresholds defines automatic actions (ex. over-heat protection)

	T [⁰ C]	T _{thr} [⁰ C]
T _{PM}	27.7	-2.3
• T ₂	29. 7	84.9
T ₃	29.4	25.2
• T ₄	30.0	12.3
T _{AMB}	17.5	

ADC voltages page

CHANNEL	RANGE	VALUE	i di	CHANNEL	RANGE	VALUE
σ	.0	0.497		8	0	0.907
1	0	0.514		9	2	0.003
2	0	0.512		10	3	5.025
3	. 0 '	0.517		" 11	0.	0.001
. 4	1	1.379			0	0,410
5	2	2.271	14 A	13	0	0,414
6	1	1.653		14	2	0.004
7	1	1.531		15	0	-0.001



SMS Alarms & Reports

 E-mail
 Time

 38598800901@cronet.tel.hr
 08:00 12:00 19:00

 Stipcevic.Mario@irb.hr
 12:10

 Kresimir.Jakoveic@irb.hr
 13:30 21:00

Action	E-Mail	Kresimir.Jakovcic@irb.hr	0.1
Add	Times	13:30 21:00	Submit

WEB solution - strong points:

- an experiment or a process may be controlled from *almost* anywhere
- a lot of data and graphics can be displayed
 WEB solution weak points:
- the online Internet connection is needed for the server side
- the offline Internet is sufficient for the client side to controll the experiment, but then alarms aren't possible (1-wayness)
- both online and offline Internet are poorely available in Croatia, especially for people who are travelling
- a notebook PC + GSM + modem -> not practical, expensive slow. (Future solution - Web capable mobiles ?)

We tried to overcame the weak points by the Solution 2

Solution 2: SMS Robot

- SMS Robot is a virtual being (program) who has an e-mail account on the local computer
- Relays messages to the steering daemon
 A set of alarms can be preset
 Must be able to reply

General incoming message format: command [parameter list] [authentication]

SMS (cellular phones) solution - strong points:

- Cellular network signal available virtually everwhere
- Enables 2-way communication
- Practical: small & light, can be used at any place and discretely, enables great autonomy (~5 days without rech.)

SMS (cellular phones) solution - weak points:

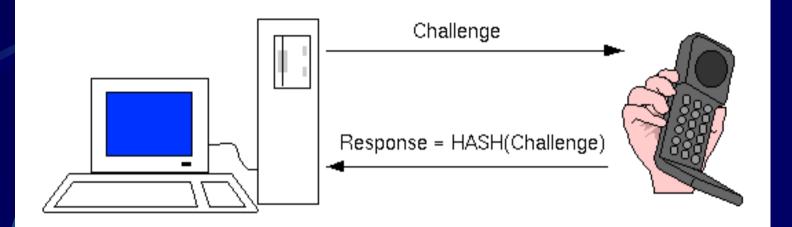
- Poor displaying capability -> no graphics (yet), text only
- Only small data transfer possible
- Sometimes unreliable

Security

Web pages are secured by a password and the https

- SMS messages are authenticated by a challengeresponse protocol: at the end of Robot's message there is a challenge used to authenticate the next request
- For the first request or if the chain gets broken -> send an empty message to receive a challenge
- SMS authentication may be turned ON and OFF

SMS authentication scheme



- Server sends a random Challenge
- Client responds by hashing it Response seems random
- The HASH function is secret
- (Future development -> use of a token)

Conclusions

- Existing WEB tools can be used to efficiently construct programs for management of processes
- Such programs can be easily interfaced to e-mail capable mobile phones by means of an SMS Robot
- This Internet technology should be preffered over classical programming because it offers automatically the possibility to manage the process from a distance

HOWEVER, the Internet still needs to be much more available